PALM INTRANET

Day: Thursday

Date: 4/1/2004

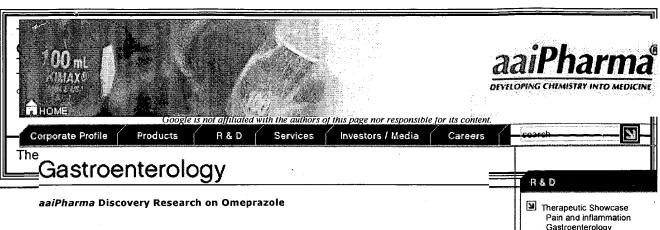
Time: 17:43:59

# Continuity Information for 60/150878

***************************************		
Parent Data		
No Parent Data		13-6"
01 11 15		12-6
Child Data		3
	ority from Provisional Applic	ation 60150878
	uation in part of <u>09519976</u>	
	uation in part of <u>09519976</u>	
	uation in part of $09519976$	
	uation in part of <u>09519976</u>	
	uation in part of 09519976	
	uation in part of <u>09519976</u> uation in part of <u>09519976</u>	
	ority from Provisional Applic	ation 60150878)
	ority from Provisional Applic	
	ority from Provisional Applic	C0150070/
10057659 is a continu	= = =	auon 60150878 ) 00B
10189659 is a continu		
10431019 is a continu	·	
10434259 is a continu		
10439438 is a continu		
10439865 is a continu	**************************************	
PCT/US00/23363 is a	a continuation of 09519976	
	ims Priority from Provisiona	l Application 60150878
	A TO A STATE OF THE ASSET OF THE	gent Info   Continuity   Foreign Data
Appln Info Conten	ts Petition Info Atty/A	Data Poreign Data
Search Another	: Application#	
	Search	or Patent# Search
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	PCT / [ / ]	or PG PUBS #
Search		Search
	Attornor Doolsot #	Search
	Attorney Docket #	
I	Bar Code #	Search
m 1 1 D 1 1 iii	1 . 11	

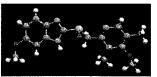
To go back use Back button on your browser toolbar.

Back to PALM | ASSIGNMENT | OASIS | Home page



## Omeprazole

Omeprazole is a proton pump inhibitor that is used to treat acid reflux disease and gastric ulcers. Prior to work performed in *aaiPharma's* laboratories, omeprazole was thought to be the 5-methoxy isomer:



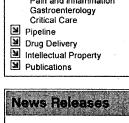
Omeprazole
(single crystal x-ray

(single crystal x-ray structure computed by aaiPharma)

Thorough single crystal X-ray crystallographic analysis *aaiPharma's* scientists revealed the predominant isomer in the solid state was not the expected 5-methoxy isomer, but rather the **6-methoxy** isomer:

However, when the crystal structure of the **6-methoxy** isomer was refined, a small residual electron density about the ipso carbon of the 5-benzimidazole position was noted. Taking into cognizance the possibility of disorder within the crystal lattice, the *aaiPharma* Research Sciences team discovered that **omeprazole** is really a co-crystallized mixture of both 5- and **6-methoxy** isomers. This discovery, along with the discovery of how to prepare, control, and quantify the isomeric ratio has resulted in an impressive suite of patents.

Research scientists at *aaiPharma* discovered some surprising consequences of the 5-/6methoxy isomeric composition of omeprazole. Most importantly, the greater the amount of
the 5-methoxy isomer, the faster the omeprazole sample degrades. Consequently, *aaiPharma*has developed a pure 6-methoxy omeprazole in order to provide the patient with the most
stable form of the drug.



#### March 15, 2004

aaiPharma Files for Form 10-K Filing Extension

#### March 1, 2004

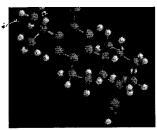
aaiPharma Board of Directors
Announces Independent Inquiry

#### March 1, 2004

aaiPharma to Sell M.V.I.® Proc Business to Mayne Pharma USA

### **Contact Us**

Ecabet



Ecabet (single crystal x-ray structure computed by aaiPharma)

Ecabet is indicated for the treatment of mucosal lesions of the gastrointestinal tract and is currently marketed in Japan for treating gastric ulcers.

In the U.S. market it has been estimated that up to one million Americans suffer with inflammatory bowel disease (IBD) with approximately 30,000 new cases reported each year. Inflammatory bowel disease is divided approximately in half with one group suffering from ulcerative colitis (UC) and the other half with Crohn's disease. These diseases often first appear in the young to late teens with individuals often characterized by alternating periods of active disease alternating with periods of remission.

Ecabet appears to have multiple possible mechanisms of action mediating its therapeutic effect. Studies have demonstrated preferential binding of ecabet to damaged gastrointestinal epithelium facilitating epithelial cell regrowth and repair at the site of ulceration. The underlying activity mediating repair by ecabet is likely due to anti-inflammatory activities at the damaged site, which is supported by studies indicating that ecabet inhibits 5-lipoxygenase and ultimately the production of the leukotriene LTB4. Recent unpublished data generated by *aaiPharma* expands the potential anti-inflammatory activity demonstrated by ecabet since it can modulate the activity of I B/NF B in TNF activated T-lymphocytes.

Copyright© 2004 aaiPharma Inc. All rights reserved. Use of this site indicates you accept the Terms of Use of this site. Legal/Copyright Disclaimer • Privacy Policy • Home

```
ANSWER 21 OF 21 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
L1
     73590-58-6 REGISTRY
RN
     1H-Benzimidazole, 5-methoxy-2-[[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-
CN
     pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]-'(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER NAMES:
     (±)-Omeprazole
CN
     2-[[(3,5-Dimethyl-4-methoxy-2-pyridyl)methyl]sulfinyl]-5-methoxy-1H-
CN
     benzimidazole
     5-Methoxy-2-[[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridyl)methyl]sulfinyl]-1H-
CN
     benzimidazole
     Acidex
CN
CN
     Antra
     Antra MUPS
CN
     Audazol
CN
     Aulcer
CN
     Belmazol
CN
CN
     Ceprandal
CN
     Desec
CN
     Dizprazol
CN
     Dudencer
     Elgam
CN
CN
     Emeproton
CN
     Epirazole
     Gastrimut
CN
CN
     Gastroloc
CN
     Gastrozole
CN
     Gibancer
CN
     н 168/68
CN
     Indurgan
CN
     Inhibitron
CN
     Inhipump
CN
     Logastric
CN
     Lomac
CN
     Losec
CN
     Mepral
CN
     Miol
CN
     Miracid
CN
     Mopral
CN
     Ocid
     Omapren
CN
     Omebeta 20
CN
CN
     Omed
CN
     Omedar
CN
     OMEP
CN
     Omepradex
CN
     Omepral
CN
     Omeprazen
CN
     Omeprazole
     Omeprazon
CN
CN
     Omepril
CN
     Omezol
CN
     Omezzol
CN
     Omid
CN
     Omisec
CN
     Omizac
CN
CN
     Ompanyt
ADDITIONAL NAMES NOT AVAILABLE IN THIS FORMAT - Use FCN, FIDE, or ALL for
     DISPLAY
FS
     3D CONCORD
DR
     172964-80-6, 131959-78-9
MF
     C17 H19 N3 O3 S
```

CI

COM

LC STN Files: ADISINSIGHT, ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN\*,
BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CANCERLIT, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CBNB,
CEN, CHEMCATS, CIN, CSCHEM, CSNB, DDFU, DIOGENES, DRUGU, EMBASE, HSDB\*,
IMSCOSEARCH, IMSDRUGNEWS, IMSPATENTS, IMSRESEARCH, IPA, MEDLINE, MRCK\*,
PHAR, PIRA, PROMT, RTECS\*, SYNTHLINE, TOXCENTER, USAN, USPAT2,
USPATFULL, VETU

(\*File contains numerically searchable property data)
Other Sources: WHO

=>

\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

2603 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
47 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
2613 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

L1 ANSWER 18 OF 21 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

RN 92340-57-3 REGISTRY

CN 3-Pyridinemethanol, 4-methoxy-6-[[(5-methoxy-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)sulfinyl]methyl]-5-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN 5-Hydroxyomeprazole

CN Hydroxyomeprazole

FS 3D CONCORD

MF C17 H19 N3 O4 S

LC STN Files: ADISNEWS, ANABSTR, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, CA, CAPLUS, CHEMCATS, CIN, IPA, MEDLINE, TOXCENTER, USPAT2, USPATFULL

\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

70 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
70 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

L1 ANSWER 11 OF 21 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

RN 119141-88-7 REGISTRY

CN 1H-Benzimidazole, 5-methoxy-2-[(S)-[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 1H-Benzimidazole, 5-methoxy-2-[[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]-, (S)-

OTHER NAMES:

CN (-)-Omeprazole

CN (S)-5-Methoxy-2-[[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridyl)methyl]sulfinyl]-1H-benzimidazole

CN (S)-Omeprazole

CN Esomeprazole

CN Nexiam

FS STEREOSEARCH

DR 193469-77-1, 326602-80-6

MF C17 H19 N3 O3 S

CI COM

SR CA

LC STN Files: ADISINSIGHT, ADISNEWS, BEILSTEIN\*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CIN, EMBASE, IMSDRUGNEWS, IMSPATENTS, IMSRESEARCH, IPA, MRCK\*, PROMT, SYNTHLINE, TOXCENTER, USPAT2, USPATFULL (\*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

184 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

9 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

186 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

```
ANSWER 10 OF 21 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
L1
     119141-89-8 REGISTRY
RN
     1H-Benzimidazole, 5-methoxy-2-[(R)-[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-
CN
     pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
     1H-Benzimidazole-1-acetic acid, 5-methoxy-2-[[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-
     pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]-, (+)-
OTHER NAMES:
     (+)-Omeprazole
CN
CN
     (R) -Omeprazole
CN
     1H-Benzimidazole, 5-methoxy-2-[[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-
     pyridinyl) methyl] sulfinyl] -, (R) -
FS
     STEREOSEARCH
MF
     C17 H19 N3 O3 S
CI
     COM
SR
```

(\*File contains numerically searchable property data)

ADISNEWS, BEILSTEIN\*, CA, CAPLUS, IMSPATENTS, IMSRESEARCH,

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

PROMT, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

LC

STN Files:

\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

58 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

2 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

59 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

ANSWER 7 OF 21 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN L1RN161973-10-0 REGISTRY Magnesium, bis[5-methoxy-2-[(S)-[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-CN pyridinyl) methyl] sulfinyl-κ0] -1H-benzimidazolato-κN1] -, (T-4) -(CA INDEX NAME) OTHER CA INDEX NAMES: Magnesium, bis[5-methoxy-2-[[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2pyridinyl) methyl] sulfinyl] -1H-benzimidazolato] -, [T-4-(S), (S)] -OTHER NAMES: CN(-)-Omeprazole magnesium CN(S) -Omeprazole magnesium CN Esomeprazole magnesium H 199/18 CN Nexium CN Perprazole CN 502497-87-2, 202742-32-3, 302841-07-2, 320416-93-1, 371759-50-1, DR 372519-57-8, 376628-34-1 C34 H36 Mg N6 O6 S2 MF CCS, COM CI SR CA

49 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE) 50 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE) L3 ANSWER 1 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:814855 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

137:316151

TITLE:

Process for purifying 6-methoxy

omeprazole

INVENTOR(S):

Whittall, Linda B.; Stowell, Grayson Walker; Whittle,

Robert R.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

USA

SOURCE:

U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 5 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PA	TENT :	NO.		KII	ND	DATE			A	PPLI	CATI	ои ис	٥.	DATE			
		2002					2002			U	\$ 20	01-8	3944	9	2001	0420		
	US	6608	091		B:	2	2003	0819										
	WO	2002	0853	12	A2	2	2002	1031		- W(	20 C	02-U	S152	54	20,020	0417		
	WO	2002	0853	12	A.	3	2003	0403										
		W:	ΑE,	AG,	ΑL,	AM,	ΑT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	ВG,	BR,	BY,	ΒZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,
			CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	ES,	FΙ,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,
			GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KΡ,	KR,	KZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,
															NO,			
			-												TN,			
			•	•	•		•	•	•	•		-			KG,			
			TJ,		,	,	,	,		,						•	•	•
		RW:			KE.	LS.	MW.	MZ.	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ.	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AT,	BE,	CH,
															NL,			
			•												NE,			
	EP	1379	-														,	
															NL,		MC.	PT.
		10.	•	•	•	•	FI,	•	•	•	•	•	,	,	,	,	,	,
	NΩ	2003	•	•		-					•		679		2003	1020		
DDTO		Z003 Y APP					2005	1020							2001			
PKIO	KII.	1 APP	TIIN .	INFO	• •										2001			
										WO 21	002-	OPT2	<b>404</b>	W	20020	J4T/		

AB A processes for purifying 6-methoxy omeprazole from 5(6)-methoxy-omeprazole by (a) rinsing 5(6)-methoxy-omeprazole with a solvent selected from a short carbon chain alc. and THF and (b) drying the product obtained is described. 6-Methoxy omeprazole is used for pharmaceutical formulations for gastric acid inhibition. For example, the percentage of 6-methoxy omeprazole was increased from about 67% to about 91% by rinsing 5(6)-methoxy-omeprazole twice with methanol and drying under vacuum.

L3 ANSWER 2 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:832579 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

137:329531

TITLE:

Process for purifying 6-methoxy

omeprazole

INVENTOR(S):

Whittal, Linda; Stowell, Grayson Walker; Whittle,

Robert R.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Aaipharma, Inc., USA

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 11 pp.

•

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

Patent English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

```
PATENT NO.
                        KIND DATE
                                                APPLICATION NO.
                                                                   DATE
                        ----
                                                WO 2002-US15254 20020417
     WO 2002085312
                         A2
                               20021031
                         A3
                               20030403
     WO 2002085312
         W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
              CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,
              GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH,
              PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU,
              TJ, TM
          RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH,
              CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR,
              BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                         Α1
                               20021024
                                                US 2001-839449
                                                                   20010420
     US 2002156103
                         B2
                               20030819
     US 6608091
     US 2003088106
                         A1
                               20030508
                                                US 2001-839395
                                                                   20010420
     US 6673936
                         B2
                               20040106
                                                EP 2002-736828
                                                                   20020417
     EP 1379518
                         A2
                               20040114
              AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR
     NO 2003004679
                         Α
                               20031020
                                                NO 2003-4679
                                                                   20031020
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                             US 2001-839395
                                                                Α
                                                                   20010420
                                            US .. 2001-839449
                                                                   20010420
                                                                Α
                                             WO 2002-US15254
                                                                   20020417
                                                               W
     The present invention provides a process for increasing the solid state
AB
     percentage of 6-methoxy omeprazole from an
     amount of 5(6)-methoxy omeprazole by (a)
     rinsing 5(6)-methoxy omeprazole with a short
     chain alc. solvent and THF, and (b) drying the product from step (a).
     Pharmaceutical formulations containing 5(6)-methoxy
     omeprazole are useful for gastric acid inhibition.
     20 mL of methanol was added to 1.8 g of 5(6)-methoxy
     omeprazole having about 33% of 5-methoxy isomer until the sample
     was substantially covered and wetted. The solvent was removed under
```

After
drying the product yield was 49%, and the percentage of 6methoxy omeprazole was increased from 67% to 91%.

vacuum at ambient temperature and the process was repeated one more time.

ANSWER 1 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:814855 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

137:316151

TITLE:

Process for purifying 6-methoxy

omeprazole

INVENTOR(S):

Whittall, Linda B.; Stowell, Grayson Walker; Whittle,

Robert R.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

USA

SOURCE:

U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 5 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.	KIND DA	ATE	APPLICATION NO. DATE	
	US 2002156103		0021024	US 2001-839449 20010420	
	(US 6608091)	B2 20	030819		
	`WO 2002085312	A2 20	021031	WO 2002-US15254 20020417	
	WO 2002085312		030403		
	W: AE, AG,	AL, AM, A	AT, AU, A	AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,	
	CO, CR,	CU, CZ, E	E, DK, D	DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,	
				IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,	
	LS, LT,	LU, LV, M	IA, MD, M	MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH,	
				SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ,	
				ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU,	
	TJ, TM	, ,			
		KE. LS. M	W, MZ, S	SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH,	
				GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR,	
				GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG	
	EP 1379518			EP 2002-736828 20020417	
				FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,	
				MK, CY, AL, TR	
				NO 2003-4679 20031020	
١.	NO ZOOSOOGOIS ODIADITAV NOOIN INFA		,051020	US 2001-839395 A 20010420	
-	PRIORITI APPLIN. INFO	• •		US 2001-839449 A 20010420	
				WO 2002-US15254 W 20020417	
				WO 2002-0315254 W 20020417	

A processes for purifying 6-methoxy omeprazole AB from 5(6)-methoxy-omeprazole by (a) rinsing 5(6)-methoxy-omeprazole with a solvent selected from a short carbon chain alc. and THF and (b) drying the product obtained is described. 6-Methoxy omeprazole is used for pharmaceutical formulations for gastric acid inhibition. example, the percentage of 6-methoxy omeprazole was increased from about 67% to about 91% by rinsing 5( 6) -methoxy-omeprazole twice with methanol and drying under vacuum.

ANSWER 2 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:832579 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

137:329531

TITLE:

Process for purifying 6-methoxy

omeprazole

INVENTOR(S):

Whittal, Linda; Stowell, Grayson Walker; Whittle,

Robert R.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Aaipharma, Inc., USA

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 11 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

```
APPLICATION NO. DATE
     PATENT NO.
                        KIND DATE
                                                _____
                        ----
                       A2
     WO 2002085312
                               20021031
                                                WO 2002-US15254 20020417
                        A3
                              20030403
     WO 2002085312
         W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
              CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,
              GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH,
              PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU,
              TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
     US 2002156103
                               20021024
                                               US 2001-839449
                                                                    20010420
                         A1
                               20030819
     US 6608091
                         B2
     US 2003088106
                         A1
                               20030508
                                                US 2001-839395
                                                                    20010420
                               20040106
     US 6673936
                         B2
                                                EP 2002-736828
     EP 1379518
                         A2
                               20040114
                                                                   20020417
              AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR
     NO 2003004679
                         A 20031020
                                                NO 2003-4679
                                                                   20031020
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                             US 2001-839395
                                                                Α
                                                                   20010420
                                             US 2001-839449
                                                                   20010420
                                                                Α
                                             WO 2002-US15254 W 20020417
     The present invention provides a process for increasing the solid state
AB
     percentage of 6-methoxy omeprazole from an
     amount of 5(6)-methoxy omeprazole by (a)
     rinsing 5(6)-methoxy omeprazole with a short
     chain alc. solvent and THF, and (b) drying the product from step (a).
     Pharmaceutical formulations containing 5(6)-methoxy
     omeprazole are useful for gastric acid inhibition. For example,
     20 mL of methanol was added to 1.8 g of 5(6)-methoxy
     omeprazole having about 33% of 5-methoxy isomer until the sample
     was substantially covered and wetted. The solvent was removed under
     vacuum at ambient temperature and the process was repeated one more time.
After
     drying the product yield was 49%, and the percentage of 6-
     methoxy omeprazole was increased from 67% to 91%.
     ANSWER 3 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
                            2001:152490 CAPLUS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                            134:198192
                            FT-Raman spectroscopic measurement of
TITLE:
                            omeprazole isomer ratio in a composition
                            Whittle, Robert R.; Sancilio, Frederick D.; Stowell,
INVENTOR(S):
                            Grayson Walker
                            Applied Analytical Industries, Inc., USA
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                            PCT Int. Appl., 35 pp.
SOURCE:
                            CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                            Patent
                            English
LANGUAGE:
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO.
                        KIND DATE
                                                APPLICATION NO. DATE
                                               WO 2000-US23368 20000823
     WO 2001013919
                        A1 20010301
```

```
PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

WO 2001013919 A1 20010301 WO 2000-US23368 20000823

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN,
```

```
YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,
DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ,
CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
      AU 2000069377
                           A5 20010319
                                                    AU 2000-69377
                                                                          20000823
      EP 1206263
                           A1
                                  20020522
                                                     EP 2000-957808
                                                                          20000823
          R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
                IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL
      JP 2003507721
                           T2
                                  20030225
                                                     JP 2001-518056
                                                                          20000823
      ZA 2002001519
                            Α
                                  20030522
                                                     ZA 2002-1519
                                                                          20020222
      ZA 2002001521
                            Α
                                  20030522
                                                     ZA 2002-1521
                                                                          20020222
                                                 US 1999-150878P
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                                                      P
                                                                          19990826
                                                 WO 2000-US23368 W 20000823
      Fourier-transform Raman spectroscopy (FT-Raman) dets. the isomer ratio of
      chemical compns., especially the ratio of 5(6)-methoxy isomers
      of omeprazole. An omeprazole active pharmaceutical
```

ingredient (API) composition fixed with a ratio of 5(6)methoxy isomers is also disclosed.

THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS REFERENCE COUNT: 6 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT L7 ANSWER 5 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001:875245 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

136:11182

TITLE:

Dry blend of methoxybenzimidazole derivs. for oral

dosage forms

INVENTOR(S):

Whittle, Robert R.; Sancilio, Frederick D.; Stowell, Grayson Walker; Jenkins, Douglas John; Whittall, Linda

B. USA

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

SOURCE:

U.S., 39 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. 6,262,085.

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

Patent English

147

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE		
US 6326384	B1	20011204	US 2000-645148	20000824		
US 6262085	B1	20010717	US 2000-519976	20000307		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.	:		US 1999-150878P P	19990826		
			US 2000-519976 A2	20000307		

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 136:11182

The present invention provides dry blend pharmaceutical formulations in unit dosage forms comprising per dosage unit one or more active pharmaceutical ingredients or pharmaceutically acceptable salts, solvates, hydrates, or combinations thereof wherein the ratio of said one or more active pharmaceutical ingredients in said formulations is essentially the same as the ratio of said active pharmaceutical ingredients in the corresponding, non-formulated drug substance and, wherein said formulations in unit dosage form are adapted for oral administration in a form of a capsule or a tablet. The active pharmaceutical ingredient is 4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl or one or more pharmaceutically acceptable salts, solvates, hydrates, or combinations thereof, in pure form or essentially free of 5methoxy-2-[[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]-1H-benzimidazole. For example, a tablet formulation was manufactured by complexing 5(6)-methoxy-2-[[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]-1H-benzimidazole (I) with hydroxypropyl-βcyclodextrin (HPβCD) in solution and spraying the solution onto lactose. The spray on lactose material was then blended with excipients and compressed into core tablets. The formulation contained I 20.0 mg,  $\mbox{HP}\beta\mbox{CD }80.0$  mg, lactose 68.7 mg, magnesium stearate 0.4 mg, and colloidal silica 0.4 mg per tablet. Tablets were coated to a 4.5% total solids weight gain with an Opadry White coating solution as a subcoat. After drying, a 10% total solids weight gain from an Eudragit L 30 or D-55 coating solution was applied as an enteric coat.

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 147 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE REFORMAT

ANSWER 3 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001:828927 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

135:362587

TITLE:

Cyclodextrin-containing pharmaceutical formulations

for benzimidazole derivatives

INVENTOR(S):

Whittle, Robert R.; Sancilio, Frederick D.; Stowell, Grayson Walker; Jenkins, Douglas John; Whittall, Linda

B.; Meyer, Glenn Alan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

SOURCE:

U.S., 36 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. 6,202,085.

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

Patent English

USA -

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO. I	DATE
US 6316020	B1	20011113	US 2000-629587	20000731
US 6262085	B1	20010717	US 2000-519976	20000307
PRIORITY APPLN.	INFO.:		US 1999-150878P P	19990826
			US 2000-519976 A2 2	20000307

MARPAT 135:362587 OTHER SOURCE(S):

Pharmaceutical compns. comprise a benzimidazole derivative as an active ingredient or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, solvate, hydrate, or their combinations with at least one cyclodextrin and at least one pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, diluent, or excipient. For example, to a 50 mL beaker about 1 g of 5(6)-methoxy -2-[[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]-1H-benzimidazole was added to 30 mL of methylene chloride. Addnl. 5(6)methoxy-2-[[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]-1H-benzimidazole was added to the resulting solution until a suspension of the material was formed. The solution was stirred for approx. 10 min, and then filtered through a 0.45  $\mu m$  PTFE or Nylon filter. The resulting saturated solution was placed in a beaker, covered, and stored under refrigerated

conditions (approx. 5°) until crystals formed (between 1-2 days). The identity of the title compound was confirmed by single crystal x-ray diffraction and/or Raman spectroscopy. The resulting material was determined to contain about 84-88% (weight/weight) of the 6-methoxy -2-[[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]-1 H-benzimidazole and about 12-16% (weight/weight) (I) of the 5methoxy-2-[[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]-1 H-benzimidazole (II). I and II were formulated in various dosage forms, such as tablets, capsules, enteric-coated tablets, and solns. for inhibiting gastric acid secretion. The formulations contained a cyclodextrin, e.g. hydroxypropyl  $\beta$ -cyclodextrin, in a drug to cyclodextrin ratio of 1:4-1:20 to increase drug solubility 147

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 147 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 1 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN L7 2001:152490 CAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER: 134:198192 DOCUMENT NUMBER: FT-Raman spectroscopic measurement of TITLE: omeprazole isomer ratio in a composition Whittle, Robert R.; Sancilio, Frederick D.; Stowell, INVENTOR(S): Grayson Walker PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Applied Analytical Industries, Inc., USA PCT Int. Appl., 35 pp. SOURCE: CODEN: PIXXD2 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE WO 2001013919 20010301 WO 2000-US23368 20000823 **A**1 W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG AU 2000-69377 AU 2000069377 A5 20010319 20000823 EP 1206263 20020522 EP 2000-957808 Α1 20000823 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL 20030225 JP 2001-518056 T2 JP 2003507721 20000823 ZA 2002001519 ZA 2002-1519 20030522 20020222 Α ZA 2002001521 20030522 ZA 2002-1521 Α 20020222 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1999-150878P P 19990826 WO 2000-US23368 W 20000823 Fourier-transform Raman spectroscopy (FT-Raman) dets. the isomer ratio of chemical compns., especially the ratio of 5(6 )-methoxy isomers of omeprazole. An omeprazole active pharmaceutical ingredient (API) composition fixed with a ratio of 5(6)-methoxy isomers is also disclosed. REFERENCE COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT ANSWER 2 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:592034 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:288376 TITLE: Pharmacokinetic studies with esomeprazole, the (S)isomer of omeprazole AUTHOR (S): Andersson, Tommy; Hassan-Alin, Mohammed; Hasselgren, Goran; Rohss, Kerstin; Weidolf, Lars AstraZeneca LP, Wayne, PA, USA CORPORATE SOURCE: SOURCE: Clinical Pharmacokinetics (2001), 40(6), 411-426 CODEN: CPKNDH; ISSN: 0312-5963 PUBLISHER: Adis International Ltd. DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; General Review LANGUAGE: English A review with refs. This article reviews the pharmacokinetics of esomeprazole, the (S)-isomer of the proton pump inhibitor (PPI) omeprazole. Esomeprazole is the first single isomer PPI developed for the treatment of patients with acid-related diseases.

vitro expts. in human liver microsomes demonstrated that the formation of the hydroxy and 5-0-desmethyl metabolites of esomeprazole is via cytochrome P 450 (CYP) 2C19, whereas that of the sulfone metabolite is via CYP3A4. The formation rate of the hydroxy metabolite from esomeprazole is lower than for (R)-omeprazole, but that of the 2 other metabolites is higher, demonstrating stereoselective metabolism The sum of the intrinsic clearances of all 3 metabolites for esomeprazole was one-third of that for (R)-omeprazole, suggesting lower clearance of esomeprazole in vivo. In vivo investigations demonstrated that esomeprazole is chirally stable after administration. Esomeprazole is 97% bound to plasma proteins. In normal (extensive) metabolizers with regard to CYP2C19, esomeprazole is metabolized more slowly than omeprazole, resulting in a higher area under the concentration-time curve (AUC) after administration of the same dose. This is more pronounced after repeated administration rather than after a single dose. In poor metabolizers, the AUC is lower for esomeprazole than for omeprazole, contributing to less overall interindividual variability for esomeprazole than for omeprazole. In general, esomeprazole and omeprazole are subject to the same metabolic transformations. Almost complete recoveries were reported and the ratio between urinary and fecal excretion is about 4:1 for both compds. The dose-dependent increase in AUC of esomeprazole with repeated administration results from a combination of decreased first-pass elimination and decreased systemic clearance. Patients with qastro-esophageal reflux disease exhibit a pharmacokinetic pattern similar to that in healthy individuals, whereas elderly individuals exhibited a slightly lower metabolism rate. Patients with a severe deficit in their liver function had a lower rate of metabolism, as would be expected, whereas those with mild to moderate liver disease did not exhibit any alteration in the pharmacokinetics. The pharmacokinetics of esomeprazole in individuals with impaired renal function is unlikely to differ from that in healthy individuals. A slight sex difference in the pharmacokinetics of esomeprazole was demonstrated in that the AUC and peak plasma drug concentration

were slightly, but not statistically significantly, higher in females than in males.

20

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 20 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

=> file caplus medline biosis embase COST IN U.S. DOLLARS TOTAL SINCE FILE SESSION ENTRY 89.00 44.88 FULL ESTIMATED COST TOTAL DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS) SINCE FILE ENTRY SESSION CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE -9.01 -9.01

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 13:45:01 ON 01 APR 2004 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2004 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 13:45:01 ON 01 APR 2004

FILE 'BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 13:45:01 ON 01 APR 2004 COPYRIGHT (C) 2004 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.(R)

FILE 'EMBASE' ENTERED AT 13:45:01 ON 01 APR 2004 COPYRIGHT (C) 2004 Elsevier Inc. All rights reserved.

=> s omeprazole and (5-methoxy or 6-methoxy or tautomer or isomer)  $_{
m L4}$  314 OMEPRAZOLE AND (5-METHOXY OR 6-METHOXY OR TAUTOMER OR ISOMER)

=> s 14 and ratio L5 19 L4 AND RATIO

=> dup rem 15
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L5
L6 10 DUP REM L5 (9 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> focus PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L6 L7 10 FOCUS L6 1-

=> d ibib abs 1-10